

STRAIGHTS

Fill numbers 1 to n, where n is the size of the puzzle's side, in the blank squares to form a consecutive series of numbers horizontally and vertically in any order ("a straight"). For example, 2-1-4-3 or 1-3-2.

A number can appear only once in a given row or column.

A number given in a black square does not participate in any straight sequence of numbers. Therefore, this number cannot appear in the blank squares of its row and column.

	2		7				
2							6
				8			
					6	7	
			5				2
4		7		5	1		
	5		2				
		6				4	

