

STRAIGHTS

Fill numbers 1 to n, where n is the size of the puzzle's side, in the blank squares to form a consecutive series of numbers horizontally and vertically in any order ("a straight"). For example, 2-1-4-3 or 1-3-2.

A number can appear only once in a given row or column.

A number given in a black square does not participate in any straight sequence of numbers. Therefore, this number cannot appear in the blank squares of its row and column.

	5		3		9			7
5						6		
	4		1					9
		9			3			
	9			5				
	6			8				
		6			5			3
				7			3	
2								

